

អង្គភាពជនរងគ្រោះ

Victims Unit Unité des Victimes

វាស្រុសពេធម្

TRANSLATION/TRADUCTION ថ្ងៃ ទីខ ឆ្នាំ (Date): 19-Dec-2014, 08:02

смs/сго: Ly Bunloung

Supplementary Information Form

Name: RY Pov (i iii) Sex: Male

ID document Ref. No.: _____ (Please provide a photocopy)

Present Address:

Province.

Tel:

I wish to reiterate that I desire to partake in the ECCC proceedings as a:

□ Complainant ☑ Civil Party

I would like to give supplementary information related to crimes committed during the Khmer Rouge regime as the following:

On 2 January 1979, the Khmer Rouge forced me to marry a woman named Rin (រីន) in Ta Sman (តាម៉ន់) Village, Samraong (សំពាង) Commune, Tram Kak (ត្រាំក់ក់) District, Takeo Province. It was on the order of Khèm (ខែម), who was on the commune committee, but I refused. At that time, a unit chief named Khân (ខិន) threatened that if I did not agree to get married, *Angkar* would send me to be re-educated. Fortunately, three or four days later, the Vietnamese soldiers arrived and the Khmer Original KH: 00579113-00579115

Rouge all escaped. At the cooperative of Samraong Commune, I saw first-hand a forced wedding ceremony for 34 couples.

In mid-1976, due to the policy of exchanging Khmer and Yuon (យួន) people, the Vietnamese soldiers sent my family and about 1,200 other families in Kampuchea Krom (កម្ពុជាក្រោម) to the Khmer Rouge soldiers at Phnum Den (ភ្នំដីន) gate. Then the Khmer Rouge transported my family and other Khmer people to Pong Tuek (ពង្គឹក) Village, Samraong Commune (Samraong Cooperative), Tram Kak District, Takeo Province. There I was forced by the Khmer Rouge to work in a mobile unit, digging canals, building dams, spinning water wheels, carrying termite mound earth, pulling out and transplanting rice seedlings.

On 17 April 1975, my two cousins' families were forcibly evacuated by the Khmer Rouge from Phnom Penh to Takeo Province, Kus (គូស) Commune, and then to Moung Ruessei (ម៉ោងឫស្សី)
District, Battambang (ប៉ាត់ដំបង) Province. One of my cousins, Mee Yaem (មី ប៉ែម), was evacuated to Takeo Province, Kus Commune, and she was forced to work excessively in the Kus Cooperative.
Later, the Khmer Rouge arrested her and took her to be killed at Office 150, Damrei Romiel (ដំរីបមៀល). Another cousin of mine, SORN Ngok (ស៊ីន ង៉ឺក), was evacuated to Battambang Province.

In 1978, my cousin, SORN Ngok, was forcibly sent by the Khmer Rouge from Svay Rieng (資電資量) to Moung Ruessei District, Battambang Province. About four days later, the Khmer Rouge killed him [SORN Ngok], accusing him of being Yuon C.I.A.

Place: Takeo, Date: 22 June 2010

Signature or Thumbprint: [Thumbprint]

Name: RY Pov



Request for Supplementary Information from Victim

Pursuant to Rule 12.2d of the Internal Rules, Victims Support Section assists victims in filing complaints under supervision of Co-Prosecutors and assists victims in submitting Civil Party applications under supervision of Co-Investigating Judges.

Victims Support Section contacts:

Name: RY Pov

VU Registration No: 09-VU-01712

Sex: Male

Through

| Phone Number: |
|----------------------------|
| Intermediary Organization: |
| Lawyer: |
| Others: |

To request for additional information.

Complainant/Civil Party applicant provides the following information:

He gave information that his cousin, SORN Ngok, who was evacuated from Phnom Penh to Svay Rieng in 1975; and, in 1978, he was further evacuated from Svay Rieng to Battambang.

Phnom Penh, 02 July 2010

Signature of Victims Support Section Staff

[Signature]

SAU Vannak (សូ រណ្ណ:)