

The Court Report

October 2009



The Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia

Moving Forward Through Justice

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Welcome to the 18th edition of The Court Report. This newsletter is published monthly in an effort to keep the public better informed about court activities.

In the Judicial section, updates from the Pre-Trial Chamber, the Trial Chamber, the Supreme Court Chamber, the Office of the Co-Investigating Judges, the Office of the Co-Prosecutors and the Victim's Unit are included.

In the Public Information & Outreach section, information regarding the new outreach program the Public Affairs Section has organized for the Case 001 recess is outlined.

The NGO page includes a description of the "Rome Statute and Cambodia" conference that was organized by ADHOC.

As usual, we have included calendars with upcoming Court and Outreach Information.

ECCC Visits Schools to Teach Youth Khmer Rouge Trials

Being proactive, the Public Affairs Section began in October to deliver briefings on the work of the Khmer Rouge tribunal to universities and high schools.

On 23 October, Chief of the Public Affairs, Legal Communications Officer and Press Officer visited the Economics Institute of Phnom Penh to give presentations on the basic information on the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia. The team spent hours at the university, answering questions such as how the court operates and why only five are detained at the tribunal.

The briefings at school are the court's latest effort to help educate young people on the Khmer Rouge tribunal, which unearths a dark chapter of Cambodia's history. Now that the majority of Cambodia's population was born after the Khmer Rouge regime collapsed in early 1979, the trial at the ECCC presents a unique opportunity for the young generations to understand what happened to their parents' and grandparents' generations and the country that has enjoyed relative peace for more than a decade.



Head of Public Affairs give students a quiz on the Khmer Rouge trials at Takhmao high School in Kandal

Improvements at the ECCC during the Duch – Trial Recess

The ECCC is expected to be more user friendly for public visitors when closing arguments in the Duch trial, Case 001, commences on Monday, 23 November, as the General Service Section is undertaking a few facility improvement projects during the recess.

One of the major improvements is an access to the courtroom and the public gallery. The GSS has installed two chair lifts in staircases, one in the front for the public and another in the back for witnesses, the accused and the charged persons. In the past, it was a challenge for handicapped people and those who are difficult to walk up and down the stairs to reach the courtroom and the gallery upstairs. They are now able to climb and descend the stairs while sitting on the chair. "It will make much easier for handicapped people to access to the courtroom," says Robert Sully, Chief of the General Service.

Other facility improvements include additional toilets for the public in the court building and the public car park, which are expected to reduce long cues in the rest rooms before and after the proceedings and during the break. A parking area for motorbikes is also being added to the public car park for those who travel by their own motorbikes.

During the substantive hearing from 30 March through 17 September, the court received more than 23,700 visitors, excluding journalists, to the public gallery or an average of 330 visitors per trial day. The 500-seat public gallery is expected to be full during the closing arguments.



Photo courtesy: Heng Sinith

"We are reaching out to young people who are very interested in the Khmer Rouge tribunal but haven't had a chance to visit the court yet," says Reach Sambath, Chief of the Public Affairs. "This is one of the ways to increase public interests in the work of the ECCC."

The Public Affairs team also visited on 28 October Hun Sen Takhmao High School to meet with around 4,000 students and spoke about the latest development of the ECCC activities before answering numerous questions. The team is committed to making more visits to universities and high schools upon requests.



Judicial Updates

Pre-Trial Chamber

During September, the Pre-Trial Chamber rendered a decision in relation to one appeal.

On 22 September 2009, the Pre-Trial Chamber issued a Decision on Ieng Sary's Application for Disqualification of Drs. Stephen Heder and David Boyle (an investigator and legal officer, respectively, with the Office of the Co-Investigating Judges). The Pre-Trial Chamber found that the mechanisms for disqualification envisaged in the Internal Rules, and as confirmed in international practice, apply to judges and not staff members. As the fair trial rights of Charged Persons are safeguarded by the independence of the Co-Investigating Judges, provisions for disqualification of judges, together with the procedure for annulment (which envisages removal of evidence from the case file found to have been improperly obtained), were sufficient to protect these rights. The Pre-Trial Chamber declared the application inadmissible.

At the conclusion of the reporting period, the Pre-Trial Chamber remained seised of one pending motion (an application for disqualification) and five appeals. Of these five appeals, two are in relation to the denial of a joint Defence request for investigative action seeking exculpatory evidence from the Shared Material Drive (a common folder within the ECCC database). Two are appeals against an Order of the Co-Investigating Judges on the use of statements which were or may have been obtained by torture. The fifth

is an appeal against an Order of the Co-Investigating Judges in relation to a request for an additional demographic expert. All matters pertain to Case 002.



Trial Chamber

During September, the Trial Chamber concluded the hearing of evidence in the case against Kaing Guek Eav (alias Duch). The hearing on the substance in this trial, which is the first before the ECCC, commenced on 30 March 2009.

The Chamber sat continuously from Tuesday 1 September 2009 until Thursday 17 September 2009 (encompassing trial days 68-73). During this period, a total of 13 persons (7 fact witnesses, 5 experts and the Accused) testified, amongst other matters, in relation to character and other matters relevant to any sentence. Two experts testified by video-link. In addition, the Chamber heard adversarial argument in relation to numerous documents put before it.

During the reporting period, the Trial Chamber rendered one written decision, in addition to a number of written and oral decisions in relation to procedural

and trial management matters. This included a scheduling order in relation to closing statements, which will be heard during the week commencing Monday 23 November 2009.

On 23 September 2009, the Chamber rendered its decision on the request of the Co-Lawyers for Civil Party Group 1 that the Trial Chamber facilitate the Disclosure of a UN-OIOS Report to the Parties. The contents of this UN-OIOS Report, which followed an investigation into allegations of corruption within the ECCC, have not been disclosed to the public or the parties. The request did not claim that the corruption allegations that are the subject of the UN-OIOS Report concern the judicial process of the ECCC. Nor are there indications that allegations of this nature were investigated in this report. Further, a letter received from the United Nations Under-Secretary-General for Legal Affairs on 28 July 2009 (in response to an earlier letter from the Trial Chamber) informed the Chamber that there was "no information to suggest that there has been or is corruption among any of the judges of the ECCC, nor information that would suggest that the ECCC judicial process is in any way prejudiced by corruption." The allegations in question instead concern whether certain national administrative staff of the ECCC paid money to obtain or retain their positions. Although the Trial Chamber welcomed efforts to investigate thoroughly any credible allegations of corruption that concern the ECCC, it did not consider that there was any link between these allegations and the fair trial rights of any

of the parties to the proceedings that justify it in requesting disclosure of the UN-OIOS Report. Such remedies lie outside the purview of the Trial Chamber and need instead be pursued through the appropriate administrative, disciplinary or legal mechanisms.

At the conclusion of September, the Chamber remained seized of one pending motion.

Supreme Court Chamber

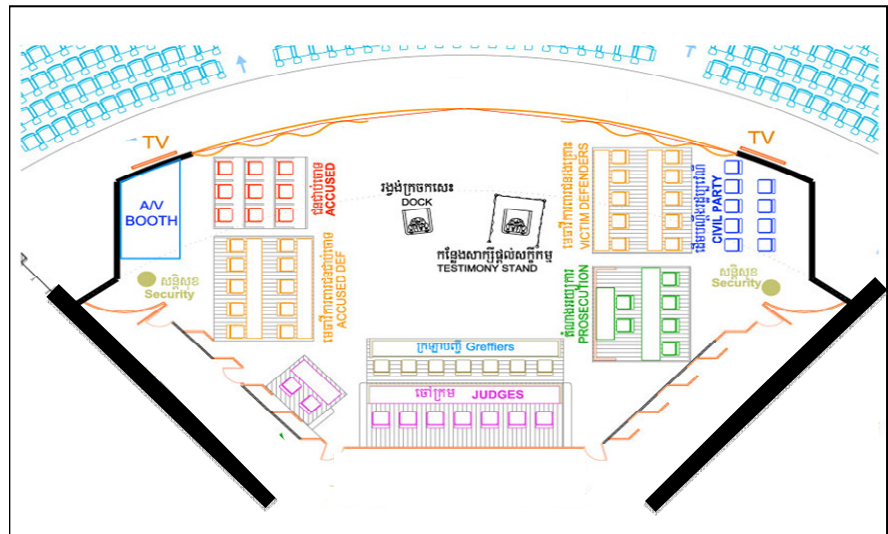
On 2 and 25 September 2009 respectively, Civil Party Groups 2 and 3 filed appeals against two oral decisions of the Trial Chamber of 27 August 2009. In these decisions, the Trial Chamber decided by majority that Civil Parties would be precluded both from making submissions relevant to sentencing and from posing questions to witnesses and the Accused relevant to the Accused's character. The Supreme Court Chamber, which has yet to take up permanent residence in Phnom Penh, has held deliberations in relation to these appeals. A decision is expected shortly.

ECCC Plenary Session

Between 7 and 11 September 2009, all Judges, as well as a number of other court officials, participated in the ECCC's Sixth Plenary Session, which was held for the first time in the ECCC's main courtroom.

Reference is made to the Press Release previously issued by the Public Affairs Section detailing the key outcomes of this Plenary.

Main courtroom of the ECCC



Office of the Co-Investigating Judges

The investigation in case file 2 is ongoing.

More than 40 witnesses including 12 civil parties were heard by ECCC/OCIJ investigators under rogatory letters in the context of three field missions conducted in September in different provinces of Cambodia.

The Co-Investigating Judges have received 19 additional requests including requests for investigative action from the parties which are entered into the investigative calendar and organized within the existing work and judicial strategy and timeline.

On 15 September 2009, the Co investigating judges published its *Order on extension of Provisional detention of Nuon Chea* (http://www.eccc.gov.kh/english/cabinet/courtDoc/434/C9_6_EN.pdf)

Additionally, the OCIJ placed on the website of the ECCC its *Order responding to IENG Thirith Defence Request for*

exclusion of the Report of Dr. Craig C. Etcheson http://www.eccc.gov.kh/english/cabinet/courtDoc/438/D192_2_EN.pdf

Civil Parties:

In September, the Victims Unit filed a further 57 civil party applications which brings to 524 applications currently being processed. Out of the 171 civil parties on the case file to 171, only 55 have legal representation.

On 11 September 2009, the Plenary Committee of the ECCC decided to modify the deadline for the submission of Civil Party applications for the current case under investigation. The new deadline will be 15 days after notification of the conclusion of the judicial investigation. This will undoubtedly increase the amount of work within OCIJ.

Outreach:

OCIJ sent two legal officers (national and international) to the Victims Unit Outreach activity for civil parties and civil party applicants in case 002 on 26 and 27 of September in Kampot town.

Office of the Co-Prosecutors

Legal Work:

In September-October 2009, the OCP continued its participation in the judicial investigation and the appellate proceedings in Case File No. 002 in which charged persons Kaing Guek Eav alias Duch, Khieu Samphan, Ieng Sary, Ieng Thirith and Nuon Chea are being investigated for crimes enumerated in the Introductory Submission of 18 July 2007. In particular, the OCP filed its response to Ieng Thirith's appeal on the use of evidence allegedly obtained under torture (12 October).

Trial Proceedings:

The OCP concluded the evidence phase of the Duch trial in Case File No. 001 that dealt with the Khmer Rouge's S-21 Security Centre in Phnom Penh. The substantive trial had commenced on 30 March 2009. In September 2009, witnesses and experts were principally examined on the issue of the character of the Accused. The Final Trial Brief of the OCP is ready and is under translation.

Analysis:

Amongst many other activities, the OCP maintained and updated its case management database (CaseMap), prepared witness summaries of potential witnesses, analyzed open source and in-house documents, updated chronologies of the defendants, prepared audio-visual case presentation aids and continued its

microfilm digitization project.

It continued to analyze the Case File and prepared Trial Readiness Assessment Reports (TRARs) to assess the requirements of making further investigative requests to the Co-Investigating Judges. The OCP has so far filed twelve such requests.

To date, the OCP has also forwarded 948 criminal complaints to the Co-Investigation for inclusion in Case File 002. These were received from individual complainants through the Victims Unit.

Prosecutorial Disagreement:

The Co-Prosecutors received the decision of the Pre-Trial Chamber on 2 September in respect of the disagreement proceedings between them. Pursuant to the decision, the International Co-Prosecutor forwarded two new Case Files to the Co-Investigating Judges for judicial investigation against five additional suspects (7 September).

Notwithstanding the disagreement, the Co-Prosecutors continued, and shall continue, to work together, in all their cases, to ensure that justice is rendered to the victims of the *Khmer Rouge*.

International Co-Prosecutor:

As announced earlier, on 1 September, International Co-Prosecutor Robert Petit demitted office and returned to work in the Department of Justice of the Government of Canada in Ottawa.

Deputy Prosecutor William Smith (Australia) has been appointed as the Acting International Co-Prosecutor pending the selection of a permanent incumbent by the Cambodian Supreme Council of Magistracy on the recommendation of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

INFORMATION ON THE WEB:



The ECCC website

www.eccc.gov.kh



The UNAKRT website

www.unakrt-online.org



www.krtrial.org



www.cambodiatribunal.org

twitter.com/KRTribunal

www.flickr.com/photos/ktribunall

Victims Unit

The processing team of the Victims Unit received 13 new Victim Information Forms (VIF) during the month of September, bringing the total to 4,461 (2129 Complaints and 2,290 Civil Party applications, with 42 unclear, withdrawn or deceased).

International Elderly People's Day

On 1 October 2009, as part of International Elderly People's Day, the Victims Unit, in conjunction with the Cambodian Elder Support Organisation, hosted a visit to the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia (ECCC) for 56 elderly people to further their understanding of the ECCC. The whole day event was coordinated by Mr. Eng Sokmeng, Outreach Assistant. The day began with a warm welcome for the visitors from Mr. Reach Sambath, Chief of Public Affairs Section (PAS) and Mr. Neou Kassie, Outreach Coordinator of Victim Unit.

Mr. Reach gave some background to the ECCC and its procedures and compared the ECCC with the International Criminal Court, noting that they are quite different. Mr. Reach invited participants to view the court room and explained why the ECCC can appear to take a long time to try accused. He welcomed questions and comments.

Mr. Kassie spoke of the importance of the involvement of victims in ECCC proceedings

Visitors to the Court on International Elderly People's Day, being briefed by Mr. Chin Hemvichet of PAS and Mr. Neou Kassie, Outreach Coordinator for Victims Unit



as civil parties or complainants.

At the conclusion of their visit, 22 of the participants decided to submit victim information forms.

Visitors to the Victims Unit Office

In recent weeks the Victims Unit has seen a steady stream of potential Civil Parties and Complainants visiting its office in central Phnom Penh to fill out application forms with the assistance of the Victims Unit staff. This is further confirmation of the value of the Victims Unit's town office in terms of accessibility and visibility to the broader public. In one day the office can accommodate and assist up to approximately 25 applicants.

Visit to the ECCC by Civil Parties from

Kampot

Between 1 and 3 September 2009, 98 Civil Party applicants and Civil Parties in Case 002 visited the ECCC to observe a full-day hearing of Case 001. They also engaged in various other activities including visiting historical sites (Toul Sleng and Boeung Chheung Ek), participating in ceremonies at Boeung Kak Mosque; and watching a drama performance at the National Institute of Education, organized by the Documentation Center of Cambodia.

Outreach Coordination Meeting with Intermediary Organisations

An outreach coordination meeting with Intermediary Organisations was held by the Victims Unit on 11 September 2009 and attended by 40 participants. On

Receipt, Registration and Filing of Victim Information Forms By the Victim's Unit in September 2009

Description	Civil Party Applications
Number of Complaints/Civil Party applications received and registered	13
Number of Complaints/Civil Party applications reviewed and processed	265
Number of Civil Party applications filed with OCIJ	57
Number of Complaints filed with OCP	135

Victim's Unit (Cont.)

1. a discussion regarding Victims Associations (Ms Constanze Oehlich of the Victims Unit lead a brief discussion on the laws and regulations regarding formation of Victims Associations);
2. an update on the then upcoming Civil Party forum in Kampot; and
3. a brief report by Mr Hang Vannak of the Victims Unit regarding processing and completion of victim information forms.

Decline in Incomplete Forms

As mentioned above, 4,461 Victims Information Forms have been submitted since this option was introduced in 2007. Since then, 999 of these, being 22% of the total, were incomplete at the time of receipt. Seen over time, however, the Victims Unit has noted a very positive clear and pronounced downward trend in of the forms received in 2007 were incomplete (345 out of 387);

- 25 % of the forms received during the first part of 2008 were incomplete (272 out of 1,105);
- 20 % of the forms received during the second part of 2008 were incomplete (262 out of 1,369);
- 7 % of the forms received in 2009 (up to 30 September 2009) were incomplete (125 out of 1,748).

546 of the 999 incomplete forms have already been completed (i.e. clarified). The Victims Unit is awaiting supplementary information for the remaining 453 incomplete forms.

KR Tribunal Sensitization Campaign Kicked Off in Phnom Penh



Cambodians riding on a pickup truck at a bus station in Phnom Penh near Phsar Thmei look at the ECCC booklets

Making the court more visible to ordinary people in the urban Cambodia and reaching out to potential Complainants and Civil Party applicants before the deadline for application for Case 002 later this year, the Public Affairs Section kicked off on 27 October a sensitization campaign to go around downtown Phnom Penh to distribute its information materials.

A team of four staff members visited Phsar Thmei, the capital's largest local market, and walked through narrow alleys along stalls to distribute the ECCC booklets to marketers and shoppers. While many were busy with their businesses, some rested from their work and told the team members about their interests in the progress in the tribunal.

"I always follow the developments of the

court through news on radio and TV," said a middle-aged jewelry seller. She said that she lost her father and other relatives during the Pol Pot regime and suffered from hard labour and lack of food. "The tribunal is really important to me."

The campaign team later moved to busy bus stations around the market and handed out the booklets and stickers carrying the message "I support the KR trials" to passengers and motodop and tuktuk drivers. Nearly 4,000 booklets and 2,000 stickers were distributed by the end of the day.

The Public Affairs Section will continue the sensitization campaign in downtown Phnom Penh once a week until the end of 2009.

Moving Forward through Justice



Villagers Tour S-21 and ECCC to Understand KR Tribunal

Even in the recess in the Trial Chamber, the court's public gallery is filled with villagers and students who are eager to learn more about the Khmer Rouge tribunal, particularly the Case 001 against Duch, former head of S-21.

In an ongoing effort to inform the public about the work of the ECCC, the Public Affairs Section launched on 13 October a new outreach programme, Duch Trial Study Tour, to escort rural people from around Cambodia to the Tuol Sleng Museum, the former S-21 security prison under the Democratic Kampuchea regime, and the ECCC's courtroom.

In this programme, groups of Cambodians are fetched at their home town by buses provided by the court

before being brought to the former S-21 and the ECCC, where the participants receive guided tours and briefings on the work of the respective institutions. The Public Affairs has arranged the study tour twice a week until 13 November and ready to accommodate up to 300 people each.

On 13 October, 113 villagers from Dambae district of Kampong Cham province participated in the first study tour, leaving home early in the morning to arrive at the museum at 9 am. Mr. Chum Mey, one of only seven known survivors of S-21, gave a guided tour to the group and explained what happened in the security prison during the Khmer Rouge era. Mr Chum Mey is among the 93 Civil Parties in Case 001 and testified before the court on 30 June 2009.



Villagers at S-21, or Tuol Sleng

In the afternoon on the same day, the villagers moved to the ECCC where they met with representatives of the Public Affairs Section and the Office of Co-Prosecutors and received presentations on the basic information on how the court works and the current status of court cases. The villagers stayed another hour to ask questions about the ECCC proceedings directly to the court officials.

"People are very eager to participate in the programme," says Outreach Officer Chin Hemvichet. "They really appreciate the court provides them with free transports and organizes educational tours to visit the ECCC and S-21 to learn about the tribunal."



Mr. Chum Mey, one of only seven known S-21 Survivors, speaks to villagers from Kampong Cham at S-21 on 10 October 2009

Court Calendar



Recent Decisions / Orders

Pre-Trial Chamber

22 September 2009: Decision on the Ieng Sary's Application for Disqualification of Drs. Stephen Heder and David Boyle

22 September 2009: Decision on the Admissibility of the Appeal Lodged by Khieu Samphan and Directions to the Co-Prosecutors

20 October 2009: Decision on Request to Reconsider the Decision on Request for an Oral Hearing on the Appeals PTC 24 and 25

Trial Chamber

30 September 2009: Scheduling Order for Closing Statements.

9 October 2009: Decision on Civil Party Co-Lawyers' joint request for a ruling on the standing of Civil Party lawyers to make submissions on sentencing and directions concerning the questioning of the accused, experts and witnesses testifying on character.

21 October 2009: Decision on Rule 92 Submission by Co-Lawyers for Civil Parties (Group 2).

All decisions and orders are available at: http://www.eccc.gov.kh/english/court_doc.list.aspx



Scheduled Court Activities

Trial Chamber Hearings:

The Trial Chamber sat continuously between 14 – 17 September. The presentation of evidence in relation to Kaing Geuk Eav (alias Duch) concluded on 17 September.

23 – 26 November 2009: Closing Arguments in Case 001 will be held Monday through Thursday, from 9:00 to 16:30.

Rome Statute and Cambodia: Implementation of international standards in Cambodia

Cambodia was the only country in South East Asia to ratify the Rome Statute on 7 January 2002. Due to the fact that Cambodia follows a different legal system, she has no guidelines to reinforce international standards after the parliament ratified the Statute on 11 April 2002. However, Judge Kim Sophorn acknowledged that lawmakers have been trying their best to incorporate this international law into the content of Cambodian domestic law so that only the best principles can be enforced.

In 2003, Cambodian government had negotiated with the UN and reached an agreement to establish the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia (ECCC) that comply with the international standards and domestic law. While the ICC was established in 2002 as a permanent court with independent jurisdiction to try people who committed war crimes and crimes against humanity, the ECCC is a hybrid court, which has been established to hear the case for the acts that happened prior to the existence of the Rome Statute and the creation of the ICC.

ADHOC organized the International Conference on the Rome Statute and Cambodia on October 2 with the support of the European Union, Oxfam Novib and the DED. Speakers included Thun Saray, president of ADHOC; Senator Yang Sem, Vice-Chairperson, Committee on Legislation; H.E Prom Sidhra, Secretary of State, Ministry of Justice; Dr. Jörg Menzel, Senior Legal Advisor to the Senate; Fiona McKay, Chief of Victims Participation Section, ICC; Judge Kim

Sophorn, Ministry of Justice; Prof. Harry Roque, Professor at the Institute of International Legal Studies, University of the Philippines; Evelyn Serrano, Asia Coordinator, Coalition of the ICC; Long Panhavuth, Program Officer OSJI/CJI; Dr. Helen Jarvis, Head of the Victims Unit, ECCC; Franziska Eckelmans, Legal Advisor to the Trial Chamber, ECCC; Anees Ahmed, Senior Assistant Prosecutor, ECCC.



The conference had not only provided great awareness of the Rome Statute and the importance of full implementation of the Statute obligations into Cambodian law but it also raised awareness about the crimes enshrined in the Rome Statute, ICC mechanism and its jurisdiction. However, the full implementation and commitment to the international standards of the court should help prevent further atrocities like genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes. Furthermore, the conference has given emphasis on lessons learned from victims' participation that could be useful for case 002. As Helen Jarvis cited, the refinement of the civil party participation has provided a deeper understanding of the roles civil party can play in the trial process. The experiences of Case 001 showed that the current form of participation has been improved for complex international criminal trials and to suit the need of the majority of the victims. However, the most recent

plenary session agreed to certain modifications of the existing model and these changes will soon be given effect in the internal rules. It is strongly believed that these solutions will help for the more complex trials ahead and provide a more satisfactory result for victims.

The ECCC has been unique in implementing the civil party participation on mass crimes of this scope. 25,000 Cambodians have come into the courtroom to watch the trials in the largest courtroom in the world. What was done in the ECCC can be a real role model not only to the ICC but also to the other international criminal tribunals. Nonetheless, the ICC and the ECCC are still facing many of the same challenges especially with regard to the rights of the victims; it would be of common interest if officials from both courts can work together more effectively to find the way to improve loopholes in systems. At the same time, many concluded that in order to have fair and successful trials, a trust fund should be established to pay for reparations whether it is material, symbolic, moral or individual form of compensation. Given that discussion is still in vague regarding the trust fund, ADHOC and some partners NGOs are still pushing for the initiation process to happen.

For more information about ADHOC please contact:

Cambodian Human Rights and Development Association
Phone: (+855) 23 218 653
Fax: (+855) 23 217 229
<http://www.adhoc-chra.org/>
adhoc@forum.org.kh

Outreach Calendar



Recent Activities ECCC and Partner NGOs

2 October 2009: The Chief of Public Affairs was invited to attend an international conference titled "Rome Statute and Cambodia" at the Sunway Hotel organized by the ICC.

5 October 2009: A British delegation visited the ECCC and met with the ADOA and DDOA.

6 October 2009: The Press Officer participated in the Radio Free Asia program.

8 October 2009: The Chief of Public Affairs attended the International Conference on Constitutional Law hosted by the German Embassy, Konrad Adenauer Stiftung and the Senate of Cambodia.

13 October 2009: 25 students from an international high school in Hong Kong met the Press Officer for a briefing on the ECCC.

13 October 2009: 100 villagers from Dambae district, in Kampong Cham province participated in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

15 October 2009: 200 villagers from Dambae, Tbong Khmon and Ponhea Krek districts in Kampong Cham province participated in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

19 October 2009: Members of the Public affairs attended a DED workshop on monitoring in Phnom Penh.

20 October 2009: 300 high school students from Kandal province participate in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

21 October 2009: Delegation of visitors from the US Department of State visited the ECCC and met with members of the PAS, ODOA and OCP.

22 October 2009: 200 villagers from Kampong Chhang province participate in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

23 October 2009: Members of the Public Affairs Section visited the Economic Institute in Phnom Penh to deliver lectures on the work of the ECCC.

26 October 2009: 300 villagers from Kandal province participate in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

27 October 2009: Public Affairs staff launched Victims participation Sensitization Campaign in Phnom Penh, going around major local markets and bus stations to distribute public information materials to the general public.

28 October 2009: Members of the Public Affairs Section were invited to Takhmao High School to deliver lectures on the work of ECCC to more than 3,000 students.

Scheduled Activities ECCC and Partner NGOs

30 October 2009: 300 villagers from Kampong Thom province participate in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

5 November 2009: 200 villagers from Kampong Chhang province participate in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

10 November 2009: 300 villagers from Siem Reap province participate in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

13 November 2009: 150 villagers from Battambang province participate in the PAS outreach program bringing visitors to S-21 and the ECCC to learn more about the Court.

23 - 24 November 2009: Documentation Center of Cambodia will bring 100 District Chief's and 30 Civil Parties to attend the closing arguments in Case 001

23 - 24 November 2009: 130 Civil Parties will attend the closing arguments in Case 001.

27 November 2009: Head of the Public Affairs is invited to attend a forum organized by the Pannasastra University of Cambodia in Phnom Penh.

Find out more about the ECCC



"Everyone can be involved in the process"

Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia

National Road 4, Chaom Chau, Dangkao
PO Box 71
Phnom Penh, Cambodia

Information Centre

Street 21, House 6a, (near Psar Kap Ko)
Phnom Penh Cambodia



Contact the Court

General

Tel: (855) 23 219 814

Fax: (855) 23 219 841

Press Contacts

Tel: (855) 12 488 156

Tel: (855) 12 488 421

Information Centre

Tel: (855) 23 214 291

(855) 23 214 293

(855) 23 214 295



On the Web

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<http://www.flickr.com/photos/krtribunal>

***** Do you want to visit the Khmer Rouge Tribunal? *****
The ECCC welcomes visitors to tour the courtroom and receive briefings. Please email: PAS@ECCC.